

第1部 通史

序章

つねに、より高きものを めざして75年

千葉大学は、1949(昭和24)年5月31日の国立学校設置法によって新制国立大学として出発した。当初は、同法によって学芸学部、医学部、薬学部、工芸学部、園芸学部の5学部、腐敗研究所、附属図書館、附属病院、看護婦養成施設、附属農場が置かれ、創立75周年を迎えた2024(令和6)年4月現在、教育学部、医学部、薬学部、園芸学部、工学部、理学部、看護学部、文学部、法政経済学部、国際教養学部、情報・データサイエンス学部の11学部、19大学院を有する文字通り国内有数の国立総合大学として発展してきている。

千葉大学の75年間の歴史は、千葉県内にあった旧制官立諸学校を母体に出発した第I期(1949~1963年)、医学部(千葉市亥鼻)・園芸学部(松戸市)以外の文理学部・教育学部・工学部・工業短期大学部・薬学部を西千葉キャンパスに統合整備し総合大学をめざした第II期(1964~1989年)、教養部廃止(1994年)を含む全学的な大学改革が展開された第III期(1990~2003年)、そして2004年の国立大学法人化のもとで未来志向型グローバル大学への挑戦が展開された第IV期(2004~2024年)と時期区分をすることができる。本七十五年史は、第III期から第IV期への移行期以降の、挑戦する大学の飛躍の記録というべきものである。



開学式(1949年11月5日)
Opening ceremony (November 5, 1949)

PART 1: UNIVERSITY HISTORY

INTRODUCTION: 75-YEAR JOURNEY AIMING ALWAYS HIGHER

Chiba University embarked on its journey as a new national university on May 31, 1949, under the National School Establishment Law. Initially, it comprised five faculties: Humanities and Social Sciences, Medicine, Pharmaceutical Sciences, Arts and Technology, and Horticulture, along with the Institute of Food Microbiology, the university library, the university hospital, the nursing training school, and the farm. As of April 2024, marking its 75th anniversary, Chiba University has evolved into one of the foremost national universities in Japan, with 11 faculties: Education, Medicine, Pharmaceutical Sciences, Horticulture, Engineering, Science, Nursing, Letters, Law Politics and Economics, Liberal Arts and Sciences, Informatics, and 19 graduate schools.

The 75-year history of Chiba University can be divided into distinct periods, each characterized by its unique challenges and aspirations. The first phase (1949-1963) saw the university's inception, emerging from the foundation of former government-run schools within Chiba prefecture. The second phase (1964-1989) was marked by the development of the Nishi-Chiba campus, where five faculties were geographically consolidated with the vision of becoming a comprehensive university, separate from the Faculty of Medicine (located in Chiba City, Inohana) and the Faculty of Horticulture (in Matsudo City). In the third phase (1990-2003), a significant university-wide reform took place, particularly with the abolition of the College of Arts and Sciences in 1994. The fourth phase (2004-2024) emerged after the university's transformation into a national university corporation in 2004, in which Chiba University took the audacious challenge of becoming forward-thinking, global, and focusing on shaping a promising future.

This 75th-anniversary book is the record of the university's leap forward, particularly evident during the transition from the third phase to the fourth, representing a period of ambitious pursuits and remarkable accomplishments.